## ME/EXTC/Sem-II (choice Base)/Modean Digital Communication May-17

Q.P. Code: 13564 (Time: 3 Hours) [Total Marks: 80] N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory. (2) Solve any three from remaining five questions. Q1.Solve any Four 20 (a) Explain Rayleigh distribution (b) Describe the LMS Algorithm (c) Comment on Lempel algorithm LM 77 (d) Distinguish between Relevant and Irrelevant noise (e) Prove that  $H(X, Y) \le H(X) + H(Y)$ Q2. (a) The binary sequence 10010110010 is the input to a precoder whose output is used to modulate a duobinary transmitting filter. Construct a table showing the precoded sequence, the transmitted amplitude levels, the received signal levels and the decoded sequence. Repeat the above for modified duobinary signal pulse. 10 (b) Describe the M-ary waveform receiver using whitening approach 10 Q3. (a) State and prove Nyquist criteria that gives the necessary and sufficient condition for the spectrum X (f) of pulse X (t) that yields Zero ISI. 10 (b) Explain in detail the optimum receivers in Rician channel 10 Q4. (a) A DMS has an alphabet of seven letters Xi, i=1, 2....7 with probabilities 0.35, 0.3, 0.2, 0.1, 0.04, 0.006 and 0.004. Use Huffman encoding procedure to determine the binary code for the source output and also determine the efficiency of the code. 10 (b) Describe small scale fading in detail. Compare slow and fast fading. 10 Q5. (a) Design optimum receiver for 16-QAM signal and calculate the probability of correct reception of all 16 symbols and its mean energy 10 (b) Explain Binary cross correlation receivers using MAP decision theory 10 Q6. Write short note on any Three 20 1. Baye's detection of received signal 2. Temporal waveform coding. 3. Linear equalizer with MSE criterion 4. Imperfect Carrier Synchronization effects

## (12x7c) M. E. SEM II (Choice Base) Wireless Adhuc 4 Sensor Metworks

## Q.P. Code :09808

		[Time: 3 Hours]	Marks:80
		Please check whether you have got the right question paper.  1. Questions No 1 is compulsory. 2. Solve any three from remaining questions. 3. Assume suitable data if required.	
Q.:	b) c)	<ul> <li>What are the characteristics of MANET?</li> <li>Give the classification of routing protocols of adhoc Network.</li> <li>Explain the need of clustering of sensor nodes in wireless sensor network.</li> <li>Define NANO sensor networks.</li> </ul>	05 05 05 05
0.7		Explain IEEE 802.22 reference architecture with suitable illustrations. With reference to this define: Relationship of devices, BS working, CPE working, BS coverage area, MA techniques. What are the issues at the MAC layer with reference to TCP? Explain how these effects affect throughput of the network?	10 10
1.3	a) b)	Explain distance routing effect algorithm for mobility (DREAM). How distance affects in DREAM Compare DSDV, DSR, AODV and TORA with reference to  i) Route acquisition ii) Flood for route discovery iii) Route Failure	M? 10 10
14	a)	Compare various forwarding strategies in adhoc sensor networks.	10
	b)	Name various tree based multicast routing protocols. Explain adhoc Multicast routing protocol utilizing increasing Id Numbers (AMRIS).	10
5	a) b)	Explain the heterogeneous architecture for integration of MANETs, WLAN and cellular network Explain the working of SPIN, LEACH and Directed diffusion and compare them on the basis of optimal route, Network life time and resource awareness.	ss. 10 10
M		Write Short Notes on Following :  a) Energy efficiency in WLAN b) Bluetooth Security c) Multi hop Cellular Network architecture d) APTEEN	05 05 05 05

3 Hours

**Total Marks: 80** 

N.B.: (1) Attempt any four question out of Six.

- (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (3) Assume suitable data wherever necessary and indicate the same.

Q.1

(a) Draw and explain in detail Single-Ended Diode Mixer.

[10]

(b) Design a transistor oscillator at 4 GHz using a GaAs MESFET in a common gate [10] configuration, with a 5 nH inductor in series with the gate to increase the stability. Choose a terminating network to match to a 50 Ω load, and an appropriate tuning network. The scattering parameters of the transistor in a common source configuration are (Z0 = 50 Ω) S11' = 2.18 ∠ -35°, S12'= 1.26∠18°, S21'=2.75∠96°, and S22' = 0.52∠-155°

Q.2

- (a) Explain Hybrid and Monolithic MIC by comparing the two MICs in the following [10] areas Cost, size and weight, Design flexibility, Circuit tweaking and Reliability.
- (b) Write a short note on Field Surveys.

[10]

Q.3

- (a) Draw the block diagram and explain scalar, passive, fundamental-frequency [10] load/source pull.
- (b) The s parameters for the HP HFET-102-FET at 2 GHZ with a bias voltage Vgs=0 [10] are given as follows ( $Z_0$ =50 $\Omega$ )

 $S_{11} = 0.894 \ \angle -60.6^{\circ}$ 

 $S_{21} = 3.122 \angle 123.6^{\circ}$ 

 $S_{12} = 0.020 \angle 62.4^{\circ}$ 

 $S_{22} = 0.781 \angle -27.6^{\circ}$ 

Determine the stability of this transistor by K- delta test and plot the stability circles on smith chart.

Q.4

Design an amplifier to have a gain of 11 dB at 4.0 GHz. Plot constant-gain circle for [20] GS = 2 and 3 dB, and GL = 0 and 1 dB. Calculate and plot the input return loss and overall amplifier gain from 3 to 5 GHz. The transistor has the following scattering parameters (7.0 = 50  $\Omega$ ):

f(GHz)	S11	S12	S21	S22
3	0.80∠-90°	0	2.8∠100∘	0.66∠ -50 °
4	0.75 4-120	• 0	2.5∠80∘	0.60 ∠-70
5	0.712 -140	• 0	2.3∠60∘	0.584-85

**Turn Over** 

## T6632 / T4012 RF & MICROWAVE ENGINEERING

Q. P. Code: 16186

2

Q.5	e #	
(a)	Design an lumped impedance matching network using smith chart to match a load	[10]
	with an impedance $Z_L=10$   j10 $\Omega$ to a 50 $\Omega$ line at a frequency of 1GHz.	
(b)	How is Vector Network Analyzer used to measure periodic large signal waveform with all harmonics.	[10]
Q.6	Write a short note on following	[20]
(a)	Strip lines	
(b)	Image Frequency in Mixers	*
(c)	Dielectric Resonator Oscillator	0.50
(d)	Microstrip lines.	

Explain the process of a successful e-commerce transaction using Secure Electronic

Differentiate between Biometric Identification and Biometric Authentication.

Transaction(SET) protocol

Discuss any one Biometric technique in detail.

6.b

[10]

[10]

		(3 hours) [ Max Marks-	30]
N.B	3.	(1) Attempt any four questions out of six questions	
		(2) Assume any additional data if necessary and state it clearly	
		(3) Explain answers with neat sketches wherever necessary	
1.	a)	Explain in detail the essentials of a good research report	[10]
	b)	Explain the statistics for Data Analysis and Reporting.	[10]
2.	a)	Explain in brief the stages in Scientific Research process	[10]
	b)	Briefly describe various types of research	[10]
3.	a)	What do you mean by 'Sample Design'? What points should be taken into consideration by a researcher in sample design for any research project?	[10]
	b)	Formulate a research problem, taking into consideration all the aspects	[10]
4.	a)	Explain in details the characteristics of research	[10]
	b)	Enumerate the different methods of collecting data giving one example each	[10]
5.	a)	State the objectives of research and illustrate the issues and problems in research	[10]
	b)	Explain validity testing for research and the ethical issues faced	[10]
6.	a)	What do you understand by Research Design? State its types and significance	[10]
	b)	What are the Characteristics of a good hypothesis? Explain (i) Type I and	[10]
		Type II errors (ii) Level of Significance (iii) variables in Hypothesis	